35 PENNSYLVANIA

SUMMARY

On the basis of its solvency in five separate categories, Pennsylvania ranks 35th among the US states for fiscal health. Pennsylvania has between 0.69 and 1.39 times the cash needed to cover short-term obligations, well below the US average. Revenues exceed expenses by 1 percent, with an improving net position of \$62 per capita. In the long run, Pennsylvania's negative net asset ratio of 0.27 points to the use of debt and large unfunded obligations. Long-term liabilities are lower than the national average, at 61 percent of total assets, or \$3,109 per capita. Total unfunded pension liabilities that are guaranteed to be paid are \$245.40 billion, or 37 percent of state personal income. OPEB are \$20.72 billion, or 3 percent of state personal income.

2016 TOTAL LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

STATE DEBT

	General obligation bonds	Total primary government debt	State personal income	Ratio of debt to state personal income	Total primary debt per capita
Pennsylvania	\$12.52 billion	\$16.59 billion	\$655.51 billion	2.5%	\$1,298
National average	\$5.85 billion	\$12.65 billion	\$319.33 billion	3.7%	\$1,830

PENSION LIABILITY

	Unfunded pension liability	Funded ratio	Market value of unfunded liability	Market value of funded liability ratio
Pennsylvania	\$62.64 billion	58%	\$245.40 billion	26%
National average	\$23.43 billion	73%	\$135.50 billion	32%

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

	Total unfunded OPEB	Funded ratio		
Pennsylvania	\$20.72 billion	1%		
National average	\$14.51 billion	14%		

- 1. Nebraska
- 2. South Dakota
- 3. Tennessee
- 4. Florida
- 5. Oklahoma
- 6. Wyoming
- 7. Idaho
- 8. Utah
- 9. North Carolina
- 10. Nevada
- 11. Alaska
- 12. New Hampshire
- 13. Virginia
- 14. Alabama
- 15. Missouri
- 16. Montana
- 17. Kansas
- 18. Georgia
- 19. North Dakota
- 20. South Carolina
- 21. Indiana
- 22. Texas
- 23. Ohio
- 24. Minnesota
- 25. Arkansas
- 26. Wisconsin
- 27. Arizona
- 28. Colorado
- 29. Iowa
- 30. Washington
- 31. Oregon
- 32. Michigan
- 33. Maryland
- 34. Maine

35. Pennsylvania

- 36. Mississippi
- 37. Louisiana
- Hawaii
 Vermont
- 40. Rhode Island
- 41. New York
- 42. California
- 43. West Virginia
- 44. Delaware
- 45. New Mexico
- 46. Kentucky
- 47. Massachusetts
- 48. New Jersev
- 49. Connecticut
- 50. Illinois



3.0

UNDERLYING RATIOS

	Cash ratio	Quick ratio	Current ratio	Operating ratio	Surplus (or deficit) per capita	Net asset ratio	Long-term liability ratio	Long-term liability per capita
Pennsylvania	0.69	1.08	1.39	1.01	\$62	-0.27	0.61	\$3,109
National average	2.22	2.99	3.22	1.01	-\$72	-0.17	0.63	\$4,387
	Tax-to-income ratio		Revenue-to- income ratio	Expenses-to- income ratio		Pension-to- income ratio	OPEB-to-income ratio	
Pennsylvania	0.05		0.12	0.12		0.37		0.03
National average	0.06		0.13	0.13		0.43		0.04

KEY TERMS

- **Cash solvency** measures whether a state has enough cash to cover its shortterm bills, which include accounts payable, vouchers, warrants, and shortterm debt. (Pennsylvania ranks 47th.)
- **Budget solvency** measures whether a state can cover its fiscal year spending using current revenues. Did it run a shortfall during the year? (Pennsylvania ranks 31st.)
- **Long-run solvency** measures whether a state has a hedge against large long-term liabilities. Are enough assets available to cushion the state from potential shocks or long-term fiscal risks? (Pennsylvania ranks 37th.)
- **Service-level solvency** measures how high taxes, revenues, and spending are when compared to state personal income. Do states have enough "fiscal slack"? If spending commitments demand more revenues, are states in a good position to increase taxes without harming the economy? Is spending high or low relative to the tax base? (Pennsylvania ranks 23rd.)
- **Trust fund solvency** measures how much debt a state has. How large are unfunded pension liabilities and OPEB liabilities compared to the state personal income? (Pennsylvania ranks 24th.)

cash ► solvency ► -3.0 distance from

47th

US average (in standard deviations) For a complete explanation of the methodology used to calculate Pennsylvania's fiscal health rankings, see Eileen Norcross and Olivia Gonzalez, "Ranking the States by Fiscal Condition, 2018 Edition" (Mercatus Research, Mercatus Center at George Mason University, Arlington, VA, October 2018).

1.0

US

avg

-1.0

-2.0

23rd

budget

solvency

solvency

37th Iong-run ►

solvency

31st 🕨

24th ► trust fund

service-level solvency

2.0